

BOOM ON 'CHANGE AS STEEL AND AUTO STOCKS GO KITING

Jump of 14 Points in Bethlehem Since the Closing on Saturday.

MOTORS UP 10 POINTS.

Mining and Oil Stocks Also Feel the Boost and Prices Soar.

The good old days of easy money and a booming market were sighted in Wall Street to-day and brokers grew excited with enthusiasm as they whooped the game along.

The Stock Exchange floor was noisy with shouts of bids and offers, while in brokerage offices, which long have been silent tombs, there was bustle and glee as lambs from uptown began to browse again on the supposed to be "good things."

Interest centered in Bethlehem Steel and automobile company stocks, that soared like aeroplanes with the boom of war orders. Bethlehem Steel has had a phenomenal rise during the past few weeks because of its extraordinary extra business in cannon, shell and other munitions of war sold to Europe.

On March 1 the stock sold at \$44 per share. To-day it touched a new high point of \$58. Since Saturday alone the rise was fourteen points, and the crowd cheered for \$100 per share, and this on a stock that has paid no dividends.

Charles M. Schwab, President of the Bethlehem Steel Company, can now be rated as one of the big millionaires of the country. He is credited with owning a large block of the preferred stock, that pays 7 per cent. dividends, and one-third of the common stock that has risen in value from almost nothing to its present high level, with prospects of yielding large dividends when the melon is out.

To-day's skyrocket rise was caused partly by report of extraordinary earnings and partly by speculators. There are only 5,000 shares of floating stock for speculative purposes in the Street, while sales in two hours amounted to 36,000. The shorts hurried to cover and bought in order to prevent being squeezed, and this forced sudden high prices. After touching \$59 Bethlehem reacted to \$4.

Among automobile stocks General Motors and Willys-Overland made 10-point spurts to new high prices above \$120 per share, but reacted several points later. Both of these securities have had rises of more than 25 points in a month.

The infection spread to mining and oil stocks. On the big Exchange Mexican Petroleum, commonly called "Mexican Pete," galloped along despite revolutions across the Rio Grande. It scored three points rise during the morning, to 74.

A motion to close the Stock Exchange on Good Friday was to-day put to the vote of the members on the floor. It was defeated by a large negative vote.

Sudden spurts were made in Rock Island and American Can, the two favorite stocks of the Reid-Moore crowd in the million-share days of old.

The collapse of the Rock Island bubble last year, wiping out several hundred millions of watered securities, left only the old original Rock Island Railway stock to be dealt in on exchange to-day. It had a little boom all its own in the last hour, rising 3-1/2 points from 19-1/2 to 26. American Can rose 1-1/2 points, and it was bought and sold by the thousands of shares.

A petition asking that the Exchange be closed on Good Friday was circulated later. The Board of Governors may decide to hold a special meeting to consider the matter.

GRANDMA NEVER LET HER HAIR GET GRAY.

Kept Her Locks Dark, Thick Glossy, with Sage Tea and Sulphur.

When you darken your hair with Sage Tea and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it's done so naturally, so evenly. Preserving this mixture, though, at home is money and trouble. For 60 cents you can buy at any drug store the ready-to-use tonic called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning all gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully darkened, glossy and luxuriant. You will also discover dandruff is gone and hair has stopped falling.

Gray, faded hair, though no disgrace, is a sign of old age, and as we all desire a youthful and attractive appearance, be busy at once with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur and look years younger.—Adv.

Anarchists Who Are on Trial For Trying to Blow Up Church



FRANK ABBARINO

CARMINE CARBONE

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

With net changes from previous closing.

Stock	High	Low	Last	Net
Alexis Steel	40 1/2	39 1/2	40 1/2	+1/2
Am. Can	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2	0
Am. Coal	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	0
Am. Oil	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	0
Am. Steel	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	0
Am. Sugar	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Tobacco	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Wire	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Zinc	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Copper	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Lead	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Tin	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Nickel	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Silver	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Gold	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Platinum	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Palladium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Iridium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Rhodium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Osmium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Selenium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Tellurium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Vanadium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Zirconium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Niobium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Manganese	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Chromium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Cobalt	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Molybdenum	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Barium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Strontium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Calcium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Magnesium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Potassium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Sodium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Lithium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Beryllium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Boron	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Fluorine	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Chlorine	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Bromine	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Iodine	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Hydrogen	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Oxygen	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Nitrogen	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Carbon	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Silicon	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Phosphorus	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Sulfur	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Selenium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Tellurium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Vanadium	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
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Am. Bromine	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Iodine	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Hydrogen	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Oxygen	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Nitrogen	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Carbon	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Silicon	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Phosphorus	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0
Am. Sulfur	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	0

ITEMS FOR INVESTORS.

Exports from the Philippines in 1914, valued at \$48,939,634, against \$47,772,956, in 1913. Imports, \$48,888,663 against \$52,312,736 in 1913.

Bethlehem steel common sold at \$9, a new high record, up 1 1/2 points from Saturday's close.

National City Bank, in its Clearing House report last Saturday, established a new record in net deposits, the exact figure was \$202,640,000.

A petition to close the New York Stock Exchange on Good Friday is being circulated for signatures.

It is claimed by interests identified with the upward movement in Bethlehem steel that there is less than 30,000 shares available in the street.

CHICAGO WHEAT AND CORN MARKET.

Saturday Close. Open. High. Low. Close. Net. 148. May 149. 150. 148. 149 1/2. 118 1/2. July 119. 121 1/2. 118 1/2. 121 1/2. 1 1/2.

Wheat opened irregular and turned firm in second hour, advancing 2 cents. Prices held steady a little under the high. Export demand was small and offerings light. Closed 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 cents advance.

Wheat was steady with smaller offerings and pulled briskly on short covering. Closed 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 cents advance.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

Cotton opened firm on scattered and commission house buying. During first hour spot houses bought, but after 11 A. M. Liverpool and Southern market to lose its early advance. In the early afternoon cotton prices fell off on Southern hedge selling.

May 10.55. Open. High. Low. Last. 10.55. 10.60. 10.55. 10.57. July 10.55. 10.60. 10.55. 10.57. Oct. 10.55. 10.60. 10.55. 10.57. Dec. 10.55. 10.60. 10.55. 10.57. Jan. 10.55. 10.60. 10.55. 10.57. Market closed steady, generally 3 to 7 points off.

ANARCHISTS' TRIAL BEGINS WITH COURT GUARDED BY POLICE

(Continued from First Page.)

Trasca said to Doorkeeper William Cowan, who halted him. After he had proved his identity he was permitted to enter as a spectator.

The first juror chosen was Peter Fritz, thirty-eight years old, traveling salesman, married, of No. 547 Riverside Drive.

"Suppose this was a theatrical performance on the part of the police," Attorney Kier asked Fritz; "that it should be proved that a lot of the policemen were attired in costume and that after the stage was set and all of the actors assembled the arrests were made, as the police had intended they should be, without danger of the exploding of a bomb—would you find the defendants guilty?"

Fritz replied he would not if such a thing were proved beyond question of doubt.

Juror No. 2 was George E. Cook, thirty-five years old, of No. 34 West Ninety-third Street. He is an assistant manager at No. 60 Warren Street.

The third juror to be selected was Rudolph H. Bertram, an interior decorator at No. 1292 Lexington Avenue, living at No. 301 East Ninety-second Street.

Bertram said he had no prejudice against socialism; that he had done plenty of work for Socialist organizations. As to anarchy, he said he did not know enough of its teachings to have formed a substantial opinion.

George W. Lewis, a salesman employed by a safe company at No. 372 Broadway, married, living at No. 215 West One Hundred and Twelfth Street, was the next juror chosen.

Frank M. Eirer, a manager, living at No. 498 Ninth Avenue and in business at No. 171 Amsterdam Avenue, became Juror No. 5.

The sixth juror chosen was Gustav R. Schmidt of No. 449 Park Avenue, a clerk in the Hotel St. Regis.

The seventh juror was Newman H. Schulte of No. 11 East Seventy-sixth Street, manager for the brokerage firm of H. Content & Co.

Thomas A. Wilson, a real estate man at No. 141 Broadway, was next chosen. His home is at No. 2461 Amsterdam Avenue.

The general trend of questions put by the State to the jury was to the sworn statements of policemen, to religious beliefs, to beliefs in secret organizations and particularly as to whether the defendants would convict the defendants if he found they were victims of a police conspiracy.

Abarno and Carbone listened to the questioning with deep interest and occasionally Abarno would whisper to Attorney Kier. Carbone, however, did not make a single suggestion.

COLLEGE GIRL SWIMMER RISKS LIFE FOR CHILD

Miss Robinson of Swarthmore Dives to Rescue in Swift icy Creek.

PHILADELPHIA, March 29.—Mary Robinson, seven years old, was saved from drowning in Crum Creek yesterday by Helen Culin, a senior at Swarthmore College, who braved the dangers of the swift current above the dam, near Baltimore Pike.

The little girl, the daughter of Mrs. Nita Robinson of Swarthmore, was playing along the creek with her mother watching her, when she fell in the stream. The torrent was sweeping her rapidly toward the twenty-foot dam when Miss Culin, canoeing with a classmate, heard the screams of the mother.

Pulling off her sweater, Miss Culin leaped in and swam to the spot. She dived twice before she found the child. She battled desperately with the current and as she reached the shore with the unconscious girl sank exhausted.

OBREGON AGAIN HEADS FOR MEXICAN CAPITAL, ZAPATA TO EVACUATE

Diplomats in Washington Get News of More Shots Fired From U. S. Into Mexico?

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Diplomats here received in diplomatic quarters here to-day from diplomatic circles that Gen. Obregon, with Carranza forces, was returning to the capital, and that Zapata forces were about to evacuate.

Nothing of that kind was mentioned, however, in to-day's official advice to the State Department. The latest official advice was that Gen. Obregon, at the head of the Government in Mexico City, had given assurances that he was making arrangements to bring food into the city and was maintaining good order.

War Department officials felt that American forces already at Brownsville, Tex., are ample to protect that town during the fighting between the Mexican factions at Matamoros, across the Rio Grande.

From the American Consul at Matamoros, who went to Brownsville to send a despatch, came a puzzling report Friday that shots had been fired into Matamoros from the American side and that two men had been wounded. No shots had been fired into the American territory, he said.

Secretary Bryan said he had caused warnings to be sent to the Carranza and Villa commanders not to fire across the line so as to endanger American lives and property.

Major Gen. Funston, commanding the border forces, reported that Gen. Villa has sixteen field guns and a large number of machine guns, while the Carranza forces have fifteen field guns and thirty or more machine guns.

The arrival of the field guns has increased the apprehension of officials here. The field pieces have a long range, and Brownsville is only about a mile and a half from Matamoros.

The report of American Consul John Johnson at Matamoros that no shots were fired into American territory apparently refers to the fact that there was no intentional shooting in the direction of Brownsville. The rifle bullets falling here Saturday were spent.

The authorities here are investigating alleged firing from the American side during the battle Saturday.

NEW HAVEN'S DEFENSE WILL TAKE MONTHS

Quarter Year Necessary to Prepare for Trials, Wickersham Tells Court.

Counsel for the twenty-one indicted officers, directors and attorneys of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad will require at least three months for the preparation of their defense to charges of conspiracy to violate the Sherman law, according to former United States Attorney General Wickersham.

Wickersham, appearing to-day before Judge Hunt as counsel for Lewis Cass Lodge, said they would need that much time after all the motions made on behalf of the defendants had been argued. This is taken to mean that the actual trials, which are expected to last three months, cannot be begun until fall.

Assistant United States Attorney General Frank M. Swacker to-day elected on behalf of the Government to proceed with preliminary arguments under the second indictment, found last February to supersede the first.

Wickersham made it known that those defendants whose pleas for immunity are not successful will demand a bill of particulars setting forth just what they are charged with. Motions for this bill will be heard by Judge Hunt Thursday, as will motions for separate trials on behalf of several other defendants.

THOUSANDS WITNESS NEWSSTAND EVICTION

Hahn Makes Way for Higher Bidder for Place at Subway Kiosk.

Several thousand persons gathered around the subway kiosk just south of the Municipal Building shortly after noon to-day and watched a squad of six men from the Bureau of Incumbrances dismantle the newspaper stand of Jacob Hahn, one of the unsuccessful bidders for the stand privilege which Park Commissioner Cabot Ward recently awarded.

Hahn asked for more time and said that his lawyer, Samuel Stark, intended to apply to Justice Newburger for an injunction. Alexander Horry, the successful bidder, arrived then and said that as long as he began paying rent from April 1 he wanted to get a stand in place. The incumbrance squad began to move Hahn's property.

Horry is an ex-policeman and is drawing a pension from the city. When Park Commissioner Ward called for bids for the stand privilege Hahn, who has been paying the city only \$25 a month, submitted a bid of \$75 a month. Horry's bid was \$214 a month.

Oddities in the War News

Where the trenches are only fifty yards apart a German asked in English when the British were coming, explaining he wanted the war over "so I can go home."

"Don't get discouraged," replied a Tommy Atkins, "you'll know when the war's over, because you'll be going home faster than you want to."

The Paris Trenches told how at the American Hospital at Neuilly, a multi-millionaire and the son of one of the best known bankers of New York and Paris were found washing dishes together.

Two bombs dropped on Hazebrook by a Taube did not explode, but later, while two children were playing with one, it went off and killed them both.

Henry Sydney Harrison, American novelist, learned French and motor car in two months, and is driving a motor automobile for the American Hospital with the French army.

There would be no excuse for mistaking the neutrality of the freighter Lathberg, just in from Rotterdam looking like a cabinet painting. She is dark of the water line, has a bright band of yellow above, with the word "Neutrality" in green letters ten feet high on the yellow band; her superstructure is white, funnel black with red bands, masts maroon, and she carried the red, white and blue Dutch flag and her owners' white flag.

LONDON—London's first bayonet charge occurred when a Scotsman, fresh from the hills, pursued a "German spy" along the Victoria embankment when the latter tossed a scrap of paper into the Thames. The "spy" was an ordinary civilian.

CAIRO—When the Australian contingent reached Egypt and mounted camels, many of the soldiers became seasick before mastering the roll of the "ships of the desert."

LONDON—Despite the soldiers' cry for the "makings," the British anti-tobacco league wants the Government to prohibit smoking in the trenches.

PARIS—New war slang was brought here by British "Tommys." To be captured is to be "scuttled," to be killed is to be "put in a bag" or "scuppered." A battle is a "big show."

FIRE CHIEF LUDGATE HURT.

Dashing to Blase, His Automobile—May Die.

Battalion Chief Isaac Ludgate, of the Thirty-ninth Division, Brooklyn, while driving to a fire, this morning, was struck by an automobile, going in the opposite direction, as he turned from Lorimer into Nassau Street. His horse was thrown, his lungs wrecked and he was cast senseless on the pavement.

William T. Foster of No. 165 Decker Street, owner of the car, put the injured man in it and raced to the Williamsburgh Hospital, a mile away. There the doctors found that his skull was fractured and that he might die.

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Misses' Mandarin Coat Suits, of superior Serge, copy of a French model, embroidered in silver bullion braid.